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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/033,199	12/28/2001	Shivnath Babu	BABU 1-10-42	8231
47394 7	7590 12/02/2004		EXAMINER	
HITT GAINES, PC			LERNER, MARTIN	
PO BOX 8325	CHNOLOGIES INC.		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
RICHARDSO	• •		2654	
	•		DATE MAILED: 12/02/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- W		
	10/033,199	BABU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Martin Lerner				
The MAILING DATE of this communication		2654	SS		
Period for Reply	- 				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thi iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO atute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commu BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	inication.		
Status	***				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	·				
	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) 1 to 24 is/are pending in the applic	ation.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 to 24</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.				
Application Papers			B.0		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 23 May 2003 is/are:		cted to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the core	•	• • •	` '		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-1	52.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur 	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have beer	Application No	ge		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		received.			
	The second secon				
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)		
Potent and Tradement Office					

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

There are numerous instances where the Specification reverses reference numerals with respect to CaRTSelector 120, Row Aggregator 130, and CaRTBuilder 140. These instances are at ¶'s [0049], [0056], [0057], [0058], [0074], [0075], [0076], [0093], [0094], [0114], [0115] and [0142]. Applicants should carefully review these paragraphs, and accordingly revise reference numerals 120, 130, and 140.

On page 18, ¶ [0047], "X₁ CX" does not appear to be correct.

On page 56, ¶ [0130], "states" should be -stated—.

On page 57, \P [0133], the comma should be removed between "different" and "CaRTs".

On page 58, ¶ [0135], "decreased" should be –decrease—.

On page 60, ¶ [0139], "CaRt" should be -CaRT--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1, 9, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fayyad et al. (*882).

Fayyad et al. ('882) discloses a system and method for database management, comprising:

"a table modeler that discovers data mining models with guaranteed error bounds of at least one attribute in said data table in terms of other attributes in said data table" – the invention evaluates a data database 10 having many records stored on storage devices; each record in the database 10 has many attributes or fields which for a representative database might include age, income, number of years of employment, census data, etc. (column 4, line 60 to column 5, line 2); implicitly, a plurality of records, where each record has a number of attributes is a table; a data clustering model ("table modeler") is produced that implements a data mining engine for answering queries about data records in the database (column 5, lines 20 to 25); accuracy parameters ("guaranteed error bounds") are used to control the clustering; an accuracy parameter can be the percentage by which the number of points is allowed to deviate from an expected value or the probability of a tile satisfying the accuracy criterion (column 9, line 63 to column 10, line 42);

"a model selector, associated with said table modeler, that selects a subset of said at least one model to form a basis upon which to compress said data table" – a

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data mining engine 12 forms conclusions about the accuracy of an initial model (M), and the model is refined until the model more accurately represents the data stored in the database (column 9, lines 37 to 62); a cluster must satisfy an accuracy requirement for the model to be judged suitable (column 10, lines 33 to 42); a model represents a compressed version of records in data database 10 (Abstract).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 16, 18, 20, 21, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Fayyad et al.* (*'882*) in view of *Agrawal* (*'311*).

Concerning claims 2, 10, and 18, Fayyad et al. ('882) does not disclose specifics about the modeling process as employing classification and regression tree (CaRT) data mining to model attributes. However, Agrawal ('311) suggests data mining with decision trees for modeling records having one or more attribute values may be by classification and regression trees. (Column 5, Line 63 to Column 6, Line 7; Column 6, Lines 58 to 67) The stated objective is provide an efficient method for generating a decision-tree classifier that is compact, accurate, has short training times and is scalable. (Column 3, Lines 11 to 24) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ classification and regression trees for data mining of

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model attributes as taught by *Agrawal ('311)* in the multi-dimensional database record compression of *Fayyad et al. ('882)* for the purpose of generating decision trees by a classifier that is compact, accurate, has short training times and is scalable.

Concerning claims 4, 12, and 20, *Agrawal ('311)* discloses pruning for short training time (column 8, line 40 ff).

Concerning claims 5, 13, and 21, *Agrawal ('311)* discloses pruning for representing misclassification errors based upon encoding costs (column 9, lines 34 to 54), which is equivalent to a "scoring-based method".

Concerning claims 8, 16, and 24, *Agrawal ('311)* discloses a greedy algorithm may be used for subsetting (column 8, line 3).

6. Claims 2, 3, 10, 11, 18, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Fayyad et al.* ('882) in view of *Pednault*.

Fayyad et al. ('882) does not disclose specifics about the modeling process as employing classification and regression trees or a Bayesian network. However, Pednault teaches a method for constructing predictive models that involve Bayesian networks (column 2, lines 20 to 30 and column 2, lines 45 to 52) and classification and regression trees (column 2, lines 35 to 45). The objective is to provide a method of handling missing values. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ classification and regression trees or Bayesian networks as suggested by Pednault in the multi-dimensional database record compression of Fayyad et al. ('882) for the purpose of providing a method for handling missing values.

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7. Claims 6, 14, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Fayyad et al.* ('882) in view of *Chakrabarti et al.* ('005).

Fayyad et al. ('882) omits selecting a subset based upon a compression ratio. However, Chakrabarti et al. ('005) teaches a method for data mining where a compression ratio is an indicator of complexity of compressed files. (Column 16, Lines 18 to 25) The objective is to select candidate data patterns from a dataset based on the variations of support values of a pattern. (Column 5, Lines 4 to 14) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to select a data subset based upon a compression ratio as suggested by Chakrabarti et al. ('005) in the multi-dimensional database record compression of Fayyad et al. ('882) for the purpose of selecting candidate data patterns from a dataset.

8. Claims 7, 15, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fayyad et al. ('882) in view of Agrawal et al. ('048).

Fayyad et al. ('882) does not disclose that a process by which a model selector selects a subset is NP-hard. However, Agrawal et al. ('048) teaches that, in general, an optimized rule mining problem is NP-hard. (Column 4, Lines 9 to 14) The objective is to provide a method for identifying database association rules which are optimal at upper and lower support-confidence borders. (Column 4, Line 30 to Column 5, Line 45) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art that model selection is an NP-hard algorithm as suggested by Agrawal et al. ('048) for the multi-dimensional

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database record compression of *Fayyad et al.* ('882) for the purpose of providing optimal association rules at upper and lower support-confidence borders.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to Applicants' disclosure.

Fayyad et al. ('058), Agrawal et al. ('172), Chakrabarti et al. ('724), Lee et al., Rastogi et al. ('016), and Garofalakis et al. disclose related art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Martin Lerner whose telephone number is (703) 308-9064. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday to Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil can be reached on (703) 305-9645. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ML 11/29/04

Martin Lerner

Examiner

Group Art Unit 2654